# **IEElectronics**

**Conception / Fabrication** www.iee-electronics.com



24 7.4

Writable

surface for

input values

FFCIKONICS'CON

Potentiometer

Reading point

V dc: 0-10v (Protection: 24 vac & variation over 10 hz +)

Test & Adjustement potentiometer

### **IEE 1501v2** (Input 0 – 10 Vdc) 1 contact NO / NC relay, with adjustable ON / OFF input signal

Distributed by

Progamming

button

Input signal :

Currant : 1mA max. @ 10Vdc

-40° C to 85° C , -40 to 185"F

**COMPONENTS** 

Terminal : Angle cage 35°

12 to 22 AWG

PA66 UL94-0

10 Amp, 300Vac

Circuit board :

Snap Track :

**Dimension**:

FR4 Fire Retardant

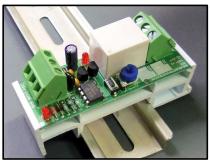
UL Flame Class 94 V-0

PVC, DIN rail compatible

L 7cm, 2.75" x W 2.5 cm, 1" x H 3.8cm, 1.5"

UL Flame Class 94 V-0

**Operating temperature** 



**DIN rail compatible & LED** 

### Supply voltage :

1 Diode (half wave) Vac-dc: 20V min to 28V max. 0.9va @ 24Vac, 19 mA @ 24Vdc

1C (1 Com with NO NC)

Méchanical 10,000,000

1,000,000

Ag -- CdO - Ag SnO2 12A/125Vac.28Vdc

6A/277Vac

20A

10A/250Vac

10 mSec. Max.

5 mSec. Max

Electrical

420W 2500VA

110VDC 380Vac

#### Input signal ( 0-10v )

Default ON /OFF value : 6.0v / 4.0v : 1v to 9.5v Adjustable from Minimum offset : 0.300 volt

#### **RELAY**

Rectifier :

Power:

Arrangement : Material : Contact (résistive) :

Contact (inductive) : Voltage max. : Current max. : Contact : Life :

Make time : Brake time :

СН0050406-2000 **E**169380

🗛 R9858271

Installation Insert from left side



Press on right side



Remove with flat screw driver



1/2

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#### **IEE 1501v2** (Input 0 – 10 Vdc) 1 contact NO / NC relay, with adjustable ON / OFF input signal OFF ON LLOZ PWR Relav ZALO LED LED blinks on Manual Auto Writable Progamming Potentiometer Potentiometer surface for button Reading point On at 6v input values Test & Adjustement potentiometer Off at 4 v Programming input signal ON / OFF (0-10v signal): Method 1 : Using input signal : a) Adjust input signal to the ON desired value . b) Press and hold programming button for 3 sec. (PWR LED turns OFF and blinks once after 3 sec. If Relais was ON, it turns off. Input value is immediatly recorded . c) Adjust input signal to the OFF desired value . If no change, a minimum offset of -0.300v is recorded. d) Press the button again or wait 15 sec. to record the new values . PWR LED blinks once and turns ON after 1 sec. to indicate the end of recording . Circuit is back to auto . Method 2 : Using potentiometer : ( Potentiomer has priority on input signal ) a) Adjust potentiometer ( PWR LED blinks 4 \* sec. ) to the ON desired value by measuring the voltage between COM and test point . (Multiply by 2, ex.: 3.5v = 7v for input signal) b) Press and hold programming button for 3 sec. (PWR LED stays ON for 3 sec. and turns OFF , release button , PWr LED blinks 2 \* sec. ) c) Adjust potentiometer to OFF desired value . If no change, a minimum offset of -0.300v will be recorded. d) Press the button again or wait 15 sec. to record the new values . PWR LED blinks once and turns ON after 1 sec. to indicate the end of recording . Circuit is back to auto . Potentiometer can be use at all time to test the ouput . Potentiometer : While testing, PWR LED blinks 4 \* sec. If relay was already ON, it turns OFF at about 15° angle, from there, PWR LED blinks. Relay turns ON at about 105° angle . An offset of 30° backward is needed to turn the relay OFF at about 75° angle . Protection : If input signal varies more than 10 times per sec. or is overlaps with ac voltage, circuit will maintain the relay ON for 10 sec.than will turn it OFF until the signal is stabilised for at least 5 sec. Once the relay is OFF under protection, LED blinks at 8 hz

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